1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 56th Legislature (2018)
3	HOUSE BILL 3061 By: O'Donnell
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to motor vehicles; defining terms;
8	designating high-wide corridor routes; prohibiting certain acts; authorizing certain permits;
9	authorizing the promulgation of rules; requiring the implementation of certain standards; requiring certain consultation with political subdivisions
10	prior to certain actions; requiring political subdivisions to attempt to reach certain agreements;
11	amending 47 O.S. 2011, Sections 14-109, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 52, O.S.L. 2015 and 14-
12	109.2 (47 O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 14-109), which relate to vehicle load limits; increasing single-
13	axle; updating reference; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
14	and providing an effective date.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
18	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 14-103H of Title 47, unless
19	there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
20	A. As used in this section:
21	1. "Affected area" means the entire width of the right-of-way
22	of the route extended to a height of twenty-three (23) feet above
23	the roadway;
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2. "High-wide load" means a motor vehicle transporting property on any portion of an appropriate transportation facility adequately designed to accommodate such vehicle's size with minimal disruption to the normal flow of traffic, if the vehicle exceeds limitations on size imposed by Section 14-103 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes and no portion of the motor vehicle or the transported property has a greater width than twenty-eight (28) feet or a greater height than twenty-three (23) feet; and

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- 3. "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town or county.
- B. The following routes through Oklahoma are designated as Oklahoma high-wide corridors:
- 1. US-83, commencing at the Texas border and ending at the Kansas border;
- 2. Commencing at the intersection of US-83 and US-270, proceeding east on US-270 to SH-51. At the intersection of US-270 and SH-51, proceeding east on SH-51 to US-77. At the intersection of SH-51 and US-77, proceeding north on US-77 to US-64. At the intersection of US-77 and US-64, proceeding east on US-64 to SH-108. At the intersection of US-64 and SH-108, proceeding south of SH-108 to SH-51. At the intersection of SH-108 and SH-51, proceeding east on SH-51 to SH-99. At the intersection of SH-51 and SH-99, proceeding north on SH-99 to SH-20. At the intersection of SH-99 and SH-20, proceeding east on SH-20 to US-169. At the intersection

- of SH-20 and US-169, proceeding south on US-169 to SH-20. At the intersection of US-169 and SH-20, proceeding east on SH-20 to US-69.

 At the intersection of SH-20 and US-69, proceeding north on US-69 to US-60. At the intersection of US-69 and US-60 two and one-half
- 5 (2.5) miles NE of Afton, proceeding east on US-60 and ending at the 6 Arkansas border;
- 3. US-183, commencing at the Texas border and proceeding north on US-183 to SH-33. At the intersection of US-183 and SH-33, proceeding east on SH-33 to US-81. At the intersection of SH-33 and US-81, proceeding north on US-81 and ending at the intersection of SH-51; and
 - 4. Commencing at the intersection of SH-99 and SH-20, proceeding north on SH-99 to SH-10. At the intersection of SH-99 and SH-10, proceeding east on SH-10 to US-75. At the intersection of SH-10 and US-75, proceeding north on US-75 and ending at the Kansas border.

- C. 1. No person may operate a high-wide load on the route described in subsection B of this section without a permit from the Department of Public Safety.
- 2. No person may install any structure within the affected area without a permit from the Department of Transportation. A permit authorized pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall require the permittee, upon request, to remove any obstruction to the use of the high-wide route by a high-wide load within five (5)

days of notice provided by the Department of Transportation without cost to the Department of Transportation or the user of the high-wide route for a high-wide load.

- D. After the effective date of this act, no person shall perform any of the following acts within the affected area:
- 1. Install any permanent structure without the authorization of the Department of Transportation;
- 2. Take any action that would make any portion of the affected area permanently unavailable for use by a high-wide load; and
- 3. Install any structure without first obtaining a permit under the provisions of this act.
- E. 1. The Department of Transportation shall promulgate rules to implement additional design standards for improvements to the Oklahoma high-wide routes to prevent interference from permanent structures. At a minimum, these standards shall:
 - a. maintain a minimum eighteen (18) feet vertical clearance above the road surface for all future overhead obstructions. Where bridges cross over the Oklahoma high-wide routes, they shall be designed to allow for high-wide loads to quickly egress and ingress around the bridge utilizing on-ramps and off-ramps,

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b. require all future overhead signage to be of cantilever design to allow high-wide loads to shift lanes to prevent interference, and

- c. require all future bridge design or construction on the Oklahoma high-wide routes to accommodate a threehundred-fifteen-thousand-pound gross vehicle weight single-lane design vehicle.
- 2. The State of Oklahoma shall consult with all political subdivisions in which any portion of the Oklahoma high-wide route is located before issuing or denying a permit, making an authorization or designating a temporary route under the provisions of this section.
- 3. Political subdivisions in which any portion of the Oklahoma high-wide route is located shall attempt to reach agreements among themselves and with persons using the high-wide route for high-wide loads regarding the allocation of costs and provision of services related to removing permanent structures that interfere with the use of any portion of the affected area by high-wide loads.
- 4. Political subdivisions in which any portion of the Oklahoma high-wide route is located shall attempt to reach agreements among themselves and with persons using the high-wide route for high-wide loads to timely provide traffic officer escorts for persons using the high-wide route for high-wide loads.

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1 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 47 O.S. 2011, Section 14-109, as 2 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 52, O.S.L. 2015 (47 O.S. Supp.
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- 3 2017, Section 14-109), is amended to read as follows:
- 4 Section 14-109. A. On any road or highway:

- 5 1. No single axle weight shall exceed twenty thousand (20,000)
 6 twenty-three thousand (23,000) pounds; and
 - 2. The total gross weight in pounds imposed thereon by a vehicle or combination of vehicles shall not exceed the value calculated in accordance with the Federal Bridge formula imposed by 23 U.S.C., Section 127.
 - B. Except as to gross limits, the formula of this section shall not apply to a truck-tractor and dump semitrailer when used as a combination unit. In no event shall the maximum load in pounds carried by any set of tandem axles exceed thirty-four thousand (34,000) pounds. Any vehicle operating with split tandem axles or tri-axles shall adhere to the formula.
 - C. Except for loads moving under special permits as provided in this title, no department or agency of this state or any county, city, or public entity thereof shall pay for any material that exceeds the legal weight limits moving in interstate or intrastate commerce in excess of the legal load limits of this state.
 - D. 1. An annual special overload permit may be purchased for vehicles transporting rock, sand, gravel, coal, flour, timber, pulpwood, and chips in their natural state, oil field fluids, oil

field equipment or equipment used in oil and gas well drilling or exploration, and vehicles transporting grain, fertilizer, cottonseed, cotton, livestock, peanuts, canola, sunflowers, soybeans, feed, any other raw agricultural products, and any other unprocessed agricultural products, if the following conditions are met:

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- a. the vehicles are registered for the maximum allowable rate,
- b. the vehicles do not exceed five percent (5%) of the gross limits set forth in subsection A of this section,
- c. the vehicles do not exceed eight percent (8%) of the axle limits set forth in subsection A of this section,
- d. no component of the vehicles exceeds the manufacturer's component weight rating as shown on the vehicle certification label or tag, and
- e. the vehicles operating pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph will not be allowed to operate on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways.
- 2. Vehicles operating pursuant to this section must register for the maximum allowable rate and additionally shall purchase a nontransferrable annual special overload permit from the Department of Public Safety for a fee of Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$350.00).

All monies collected shall be deposited to the credit of the Highway

Construction and Maintenance Fund.

E. Exceptions to this section will be:

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- Utility or refuse collection vehicles used by counties,
 cities, or towns or by private companies contracted by counties,
 cities, or towns if the following conditions are met:
 - a. calculation of weight for a utility or refuse collection vehicle shall be "Gross Vehicle Weight".

 The "Gross Vehicle Weight" of a utility or refuse collection vehicle may not exceed the otherwise applicable weight by more than fifteen percent (15%).

 The weight on individual axles must not exceed the manufacturer's component rating which includes axle, suspension, wheels, rims, brakes, and tires as shown on the vehicle certification label or tag, and
 - b. utility or refuse collection vehicles operated under these exceptions will not be allowed to operate on interstate highways;
- 2. A combination of a wrecker or tow vehicle and another vehicle or vehicle combination if:
 - a. the service provided by the wrecker or tow vehicle is needed to remove disabled, abandoned, or accident-damaged vehicles, and

b. the wrecker or tow vehicle is towing the other vehicle or vehicle combination directly to the nearest authorized place of repair, terminal, or vehicle storage facility.

Vehicles operating pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph will not be allowed to operate on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways.

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- F. 1. Any vehicle utilizing an auxiliary power or idle reduction technology unit in order to promote reduction of fuel use and emissions because of engine idling shall be allowed an additional four hundred (400) pounds total to the total gross weight limits set by this section.
- 2. To be eligible for the exception provided in this subsection, the operator of the vehicle must obtain written proof or certification of the weight of the auxiliary power or idle reduction technology unit and be able to demonstrate or certify that the idle reduction technology is fully functional.
- 3. Written proof or certification of the weight of the auxiliary power or idle reduction technology unit must be available to law enforcement officers if the vehicle is found in violation of applicable weight laws. The additional weight allowed cannot exceed four hundred (400) pounds or the actual proven or certified weight of the unit, whichever is less.

G. Utility, refuse collection vehicles or a combination of a wrecker or tow vehicle as described in paragraph 2 of subsection E of this section operating under exceptions shall purchase an annual special overload permit from the Department of Public Safety for One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00). All monies collected shall be deposited to the credit of the Highway Construction and Maintenance Fund.

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- H. For purposes of this section, "utility vehicle" shall mean any truck used by a private utility company, county, city, or town for the purpose of installing or maintaining electric, water, or sewer systems.
- SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 47 O.S. 2011, Section 14-109.2, is amended to read as follows:

Section 14-109.2 A. Except as hereinafter provided, for the purpose of delivering agriculture commodities to and from the farm only, any vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be commercially weighed on a vehicle scale only as a single draft, that is, the total weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles shall not be determined by adding together the results obtained by separately weighing each end of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, or by separately weighing individual elements of such vehicle or combination of vehicles. Provided, however, that when a vehicle or combination of vehicles is not weighed as a single draft the weight ticket shall be stamped "multiple draft weight; not guaranteed accurate". Provided further, that any one truck and semitrailer or

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truck-tractor/semitrailer combination may tow one complete trailer
or semitrailer for the purpose of delivering agriculture commodities
to and from the farm, such single axle and gross weight limits
provided for by Section 14-109 of this title applying fully herein.
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- B. This section shall not be construed to allow or permit any vehicle or combination of vehicles to exceed:
- 1. The axle load limit, as prescribed in Section 14-109 of this title, of twenty thousand (20,000) twenty-three thousand (23,000) pounds per single axle; or
- 2. The tandem axle weight, as prescribed in Sections 14-101 and 14-109 of this title; or
- 3. The overall gross vehicle weight of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds for vehicles or ninety thousand (90,000) pounds for longer combination vehicles as defined in U.S. Code 23, Section 127, operating on the Dwight D. Eisenhower System of Interstate and Defense Highways in accordance with the provisions of Section 14-118 of this title; or
- 4. The total overall gross weight of ninety thousand (90,000) pounds for all other highways in this state, except those highways prescribed in Section 14-113 of this title.
- 21 SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2018.

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